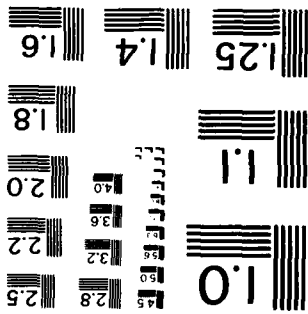


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КРАСНАЯ ЗВЕЗДА

SOVIET NEWS AND PROPAGANDA ANALYSIS

VOL. 4, NO. 8, 1984

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SOVIET NEWS AND PROPAGANDA ANALYSIS

**BASED ON
RED STAR**
(The Official Newspaper of the Soviet Defense Establishment)

FOR THE PERIOD 1-31 AUGUST 1984

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Soviet News and Propaganda Analysis for the Period 1-31 August 1984

Executive Summary

For more than five years, Soviet government and Communist Party propagandists and officials have been consistent and uncompromising in their vitriolic and uncompromising propaganda about the policies and activities of the United States government. With monotonous persistence, the Russian propaganda machine stressed and insidiously highlighted those events and topics that showed the American government as being in the forefront of international imperialism (hegemony), fostering and orchestrating a dangerous and uncontrolled arms race (that can only lead to nuclear war), and conducting international terrorism against innocent (Third World) populations.

During August 1984, the editors of Krasnaya Zvezda (Red Star), the official publication of the Soviet Ministry of Defense, allocated over 36 percent of the international and foreign affairs space to activities and events of the United States. In this regard, the Kremlin underscored the following propaganda themes and headlines:

- To increase world tension, Reagan is conducting a secret global war against the U.S.S.R. The South Korean airline incident (the destruction of KAL 007) was one of many operations in this global secret war against the Soviet Union.
- Reagan is developing a new (third generation) of super nuclear weapons. In addition, American scientists are working on exotic weapons such as X-Ray lasers.
- The threat comes from Washington - Reagan's joke about the U.S.S.R. has alarmed the world.
- The CIA has intensified its psychological warfare against communist countries.
- Crime and violence have plagued guests at the Los Angeles Olympics.

As was reported in previous months, the editors of Red Star used every opportunity to exploit (and misinterpret) international events in their goal to mislead their audiences. In August 1984, the Kremlin distorted the following events and/or issues as part of its disinformation program:

- United States and NATO navies have mined the Red Sea in order to have an excuse to expand their military forces in the area, and to control the Arab countries.
- The Indian people and government are disturbed about American intervention in the Punjab. It is well known that the CIA is supporting terrorists and insurgents in India.

- The CIA has initiated a new operation (Horse) against Nicaragua. The purpose of the operation is to establish a permanent rift between the Catholic Church and the Nicaraguan Government. Also, the U.S. wants to sabotage the November elections.
- The Pentagon is constructing military bases in Pakistan for Perishing II (nuclear) missiles.

The Soviet propaganda campaign against Reagan and the United States continues unabated. Reagan has been compared with Adolph Hitler. Cartoons continue to depict the American President as a cowboy ready to launch nuclear missiles. His joke about outlawing the Soviet Union and launching bombers to obliterate it was given wide coverage by Russian propagandists, and was used to fuel an emotional scare campaign.

During the past three years, the Soviet leadership has underscored its serious concern with regard to American psychological warfare operations against the U.S.S.R. and international communism. The following abstracts and headlines (from Red Star) indicate the substance, scope, and tone of Soviet rhetoric about Reagan's anti-Soviet propaganda campaign:

- CIA's psychological war against communist countries. Washington (the State Department) attempts to recruit Soviet citizens to conduct the propaganda war against the U.S.S.R.
- The propaganda film "Red Dawn" is released by the USIA. This is another in a series of films aimed at slandering and insulting the U.S.S.R. The film is very violent and it depicts wholesale slaughter by Soviet soldiers. Its purpose is to increase hatred of the Soviet Union, and to intensify anti-communist feelings throughout the world.
- The United States and its Western allies continue to slander, defame, and lie about the U.S.S.R.
- In a Washington speech, President Reagan denounced the Yalta Conference of 1945. He slandered the U.S.S.R. and Poland. In addition, Reagan expressed support for the ideas advocated by West German Revanchist and military circles. Reagan wants to start World War III.
- Reagan is a warmonger, and he holds his finger on the button that can start a nuclear war. The world press condemns Reagan's anti-Soviet remarks.

In August, 23 percent of all print coverage, in regard to American hegemony pertained to Central America. Incessantly, Moscow used exploitive and tough rhetoric about Reagan's War in Nicaragua. Soviet propagandists headlined and featured the following topics concerning American intervention and activities in Central America:

- CIA fabricated more propaganda - no proof exists. General Gorman and the U.S. Ambassador to El Salvador spread lies (at a press conference) about the flow of arms from Nicaragua to Salvadoran revolutionaries.
- General Gorman horrifies the U. S. Congress with claims about the communist threat in Central America. His goal, and it is also Reagan's goal, is to destroy the Nicaraguan revolution and discourage liberation movements in the region.
- American Green Berets have begun new secret maneuvers in Honduras - close to the Nicaraguan border. This is a new provocation.
- Every month the CIA provides the Revolutionary Democratic Alliance with \$600,000 to fund the counterrevolution in Nicaragua. The so-called civil war has lasted for years.

The following abstracts and headlines (from Red Star) reflect the overall tone and emphasis of Soviet propaganda about American imperialism and hegemony:

- Washington wants to weaken India; consequently, the CIA is funding the Punjab reactionaries. Concrete evidence has been discovered that proves the Punjab revolutionaries have strong ties with the counter-revolutionaries in Afghanistan as well as the CIA.
- The Americans are doing their utmost to cause increased tension in Southeast Asia. Reagan is trying to cause conflict in the region by getting ASEAN countries to oppose (and isolate) the countries of Indochina on the basis of the Soviet-Vietnamese threat.
- The White House is attempting to form a NATO-type military alliance in Southeast Asia; the alliance would be an expansion of the current military arrangements between Washington-Seoul-Tokyo.
- Thailand has become the obedient gendarme (and puppet) of the United States.
- American mines explode in the Port of Luanda, Angola. The CIA is behind this subversive and barbaric explosion. Angolan and East German ships were badly damaged.
- The American cruise missiles on station at the Comiso Base in Sicily can target most strategic countries in the Middle East and Africa. The Arab countries are most concerned about NATO military activities in this area.
- Brigadier General Smith (U.S. Army) has proposed to establish a giant pipeline of liquid explosives (a belt of dynamite) around Warsaw Block countries. The Pentagon claims that this would help to contain the Soviet Threat.

In regard to the arms race, the Kremlin underscored that the Reagan administration plans to allocate \$300 billion in an unprecedented military buildup in order to obtain military supremacy over the U.S.S.R. The American objective is to have a first strike capability against the Soviets. According to Moscow, over 30 percent of the money will be spent on Reagan's strategic super-programs.

The following headlines and abstracts reveal the day-after-day intensity and hysteria of Soviet propaganda pertaining to the arms race:

- In order to make the United States less vulnerable to a nuclear attack, the Pentagon is accelerating all of its programs to develop and test anti-missile and anti-air defense systems.
- Preparing for war. The Americans have started construction of a bunker in Buckinghamshire, England. It will be the command center for nuclear cruise missiles and other nuclear weapons that will be launched from Great Britain.
- The U. S. Army is conducting military exercises in West Germany for the deployment and launch of Pershing II (first strike) nuclear missiles at Warsaw Block countries.
- Reagan continues to talk about the control of chemical weapons, but the U. S. has the largest stock of chemical weapons in the world.
- Washington's dangerous plans. The Pentagon's space war program is a serious threat to world peace. The U. S. will spend over 1.5 billion dollars in 1985 on space programs, which will include space-based anti-missile systems.
- The threat from Washington. Reagan wants military supremacy and a first strike capability against the Soviet Union. He does not care how much it will cost.

American military cooperation and mutual security arrangements with Pakistan received significant coverage in the Soviet military press. The Kremlin elected to underscore the following topics and propaganda themes:

- The CIA and the Pentagon's military bases. The Pentagon is constructing military facilities in Pakistan for Pershing II missiles. Pakistan is:
 - The American gendarme in the region, replacing Iran after the overthrow of the Shah.
 - Benefitting from American military aid, purchasing U.S. weapons and new technology.

- The ideal staging area for rapid deployment forces for the Middle East and/or Asia.

- Base of aggression and terrorism. The Pentagon and the CIA have turned Pakistan into a huge American military base for Southwest Asia and the Middle East.
- Reagan is using military bases in Pakistan to carry out subversive operations in India and Afghanistan.

As in previous months, Soviet propaganda about West Germany was inflammatory and venomous. Some of the examples of the substance, focus, and tone of Soviet propaganda are listed below:

- The spirit of militarism and revanchism are a threat to the peace of Europe. West German Revanchist groups continue to increase the scope of their activities.
- Henrik Windelen, Minister of West German Internal Affairs, has very close contacts with Revanchist groups. He has openly attended many Revanchist conferences. He supports their principles and goals. What is worse, is that the German government in Bonn has not criticized or opposed his views.
- Neo-nazi groups expand their activities throughout West Germany. Neo-nazi bands terrorized the citizens of Hanover on their so-called "battle day."

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INTRODUCTION

The information in this review reflects the substance, tone and propaganda emphasis of Soviet rhetoric and news for over five years--June 1979 through August 1984. During this period, a total of 75,383 feature stories and news items have been analyzed.

This report contains a summary of propaganda themes and topics from the Russian language newspaper Red Star (Krasnaya Zvezda). With a circulation of several million copies, this "daily" newspaper is the official publication of the Ministry of Defense. In particular, it represents the views and articulates the issues important to the Main Political Administration of the Soviet Army and Navy, which is responsible for the political reliability of all Soviet military forces. The Main Political Administration receives its guidance directly from the Central Committee of the CPSU.

The feature stories and news items that appear in Red Star are intended to provide daily guidance to the Soviet military political cadre concerning domestic and international issues/events. It addresses the issues important to the political elite.

Men and women in the Soviet armed forces receive political instruction and Marxist interpretation of current events (foreign and domestic) on a daily basis. Red Star is used as the guide for political and military instruction; it contains the approved "picture" of issues and events, and defines the nature of the "hostile" world to the Soviet military. Therefore, this report provides insights concerning the structured view of events and the "world picture" as perceived by the Soviet soldier, sailor, and airman.

Also, Red Star serves the purpose of informing professional military personnel what they could be called upon to do; what is expected of them, and in turn, what they can expect from the political leadership (see Part II - Coverage of Soviet Domestic Issues and Military Topics).

The primary purpose of this edition of "Soviet News and Propaganda Analysis" is to provide the reader with an overview of Russian rhetoric, propaganda themes, slogans and topics, directed to the military forces of the U.S.S.R. during August 1984.

PART I - SOVIET PERCEPTIONS AND REPORTING OF INTERNATIONAL EVENTS

In August 1984, 29 percent of the total space in Red Star reported events and activities that occurred in foreign countries or were international in scope. As a daily newspaper, Red Star is generally limited to a total of four pages per issue. The average amount of space allocated to events and subjects about foreign affairs is 30 percent of the total space in the newspaper.

Selected foreign governments and international organizations that received substantial media attention in August 1984 are listed in Table 1. (Percent

reflects total of foreign coverage.) The data in the table also reflect Red Star's international coverage for July 1984 and the average amount of print space (CM²) for selected countries for a 61-month period.

TABLE 1

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Govern't/Int. Org.</u>	<u>Aug 1984 Percent</u>	<u>July 1984 Percent</u>	<u>June 79 - June 84 Percent</u>
1.	United States.....	36.22	39.10	30.48
2.	Czechoslovakia.....	6.82	.72	2.85
3.	Afghanistan.....	6.68	4.65	3.87
4.	Mongolia.....	4.69	1.07	.96
5.	Middle East.....	3.64	1.23	.97
6.	Pakistan.....	3.03	.38	.78
7.	Nicaragua.....	2.53	6.34	1.28
8.	West Germany.....	2.23	7.12	2.55
9.	Romania.....	1.95	.20	.64
10.	Poland.....	1.90	7.13	3.82
11.	China.....	1.77	2.20	2.49
12.	Lebanon.....	1.45	1.99	2.23
13.	El Salvador.....	1.43	.24	.73
14.	North Korea.....	1.38	.56	.43
15.	Japan.....	1.14	3.16	2.19

UNITED STATES

For more than five years, Soviet propagandists, media commentators, and high ranking Soviet officials have been consistent and uncompromising in their tough and demanding rhetoric about the dangerous, warmongering and anti-Soviet policies of the United States government, especially the Reagan administration. With monotonous persistence, the Soviet propaganda machine (the government and the CPSU) have stressed and highlighted those events and topics that reflected the United States government as being in the forefront of international imperialism (hegemony), fostering and orchestrating a dangerous and uncontrolled arms race, and conducting international terrorism against innocent (Third World) nations.

During August 1984, the editors of Red Star devoted over 36 percent of the international and foreign affairs space to activities and events that concerned the United States. In the past, the average amount of print space allocated to the United States was slightly over 30 percent of the total coverage (in Red Star) for foreign news and commentary. (See Table 1, above.)

Red Star's news and feature stories are carefully selected and orchestrated to satisfy the propaganda goals and objectives of the Communist Party and Soviet government; consequently, they reflect highly negative views of policies and

activities of the United States. For over five years, the United States has received an average of 60 percent of the total negative and/or abusive rhetoric in Red Star devoted to foreign governments--in August, it was 74 percent. See Table 2 for a comparison of total space (hostile and/or negative in tone) allocated to the United States and other foreign countries. (Percent reflects total of foreign critical coverage.)

TABLE 2

Rank	Govern't/Int. Org.	Aug 1984 Percent	July 1984 Percent	June 79 -June 84 Percent
1.	United States.....	74%	70%	60%
2.	Pakistan.....	06%	01%	01%
3.	West Germany.....	04%	12%	03%
4.	China.....	03%	02%	05%
5.	Israel.....	02%	02%	07%
6.	United Kingdom.....	01%	02%	03%
7.	NATO.....	01%	02%	02%
8.	Japan.....	01%	03%	04%

It is apparent from the data in Table 2 that the Kremlin's rhetoric and propaganda (in August 1984) about the United States remained strident. The scope and venomous tone of Russian propaganda concerning President Reagan continued unabated. The overall critical tone of Soviet propaganda and rhetoric toward the American government and its institutions has not changed in over a quarter of a century. To the leaders in Moscow, the American government is portrayed as the primary enemy of the U.S.S.R. and its people. During August, the "hate U.S." tone of official Soviet propaganda continued. Russian propagandists and public officials repeatedly underscored the following themes, slogans and headlines:

- To increase world tension, Reagan is conducting a secret global war (against the U.S.S.R.). The South Korean Airline incident (the destruction of KAL Flight 007) was one of many operations in this global secret war against the Soviet Union.
- Reagan is developing new (third generation) super nuclear weapons. In addition, American scientists are working on exotic weapons such as X-Ray lasers.
- The threat comes from Washington--Reagan's joke about the U.S.S.R. has alarmed the world.
- The CIA has intensified its psychological warfare against communist countries.

- The Pentagon will deploy nuclear weapons on new military bases in Puerto Rico.
- General Gorman's (CINC Southern Command) and President Reagan's goals in Central America are to destroy the revolution in Nicaragua and to discourage liberation movements in the region.
- The White House wants to expand the Washington-Seoul-Tokyo military alliance to Southeast Asia. The Pentagon wants to establish a NATO-type alliance in Asia.
- The Pentagon is turning Turkey into a major military stronghold for American aggression in the region.
- A new propaganda film (Red Dawn) is released by the USIA--this is a continuation of Reagan's propaganda programs to insult and degrade the Soviet Union.
- Crime and violence have plagued guests at the Los Angeles Olympics.
- AUTUMN FORGE 84. Over 250,000 NATO troops will participate in these provocative military maneuvers. It is a rehearsal for World War III.
- The threat is from the West. The United States and NATO continue to slander and lie about the U.S.S.R. in their provocative psychological warfare programs.

SOVIET DISINFORMATION

As in previous months, the editors of Red Star (as well as other Soviet news commentators) used every opportunity to exploit (and misinterpret) international events, in their goal to mislead their audience, and to portray the United States government as being aggressive, militaristic and a country that seeks world domination. In August 1984, the Kremlin distorted the following events and or issues, as part of its disinformation program:

- The United States and NATO navies have mined the Red Sea in order to have an excuse to expand their military forces in the area, and to control the Arab countries.
- The Indian people and government are disturbed about American intervention in the Punjab. It is well-known that the CIA is supporting terrorists and insurgents in India.
- Reagan has used the Los Angeles Olympics as an anti-Soviet tool. Crime and violence have plagued the Olympic games.
- The CIA has initiated a new operation (Horse) against Nicaragua. The purpose of the operation is to establish a permanent rift between the

Catholic Church and the Nicaraguan Government. Also, the U.S. wants to sabotage the November elections.

- The Pentagon is constructing military bases in Pakistan for Pershing II missiles.
- More proof is presented that the Korean Airline Flight 007 was on a CIA spy mission over the U.S.S.R.

As in the past, the scope and intensity of Russian propaganda underscored the following three substantive themes: (1) United States military and political hegemony as a serious threat to world peace; (2) American arms production and the development of military technology--the arms race, and (3) American military assistance and mutual security programs as a threat to peace loving nations.

A statistical view of major Soviet propaganda themes pertaining to the United States for a period of 14 months is contained in Table 3 (percent is total of United States coverage).

TABLE 3

SOVIET PROPAGANDA THEME	1984							1983						
	AUG	JUL	JUN	MAY	APR	MAR	FEB	JAN	DEC	NOV	OCT	SEP	AUG	JUL
US Military/ Political Hegemony	52%	57%	54%	38%	53%	50%	44%	45%	46%	63%	48%	83%	53%	50%
US Military Budget-Arms Race	29%	16%	29%	27%	22%	29%	39%	33%	41%	25%	43%	14%	28%	31%
US Foreign Military Assistance- Mutual Scty	11%	13%	08%	09%	16%	13%	07%	12%	10%	11%	06%	03%	10%	13%
Other.....	08%	14%	09%	26%	09%	08%	10%	10%	03%	01%	03%	00%	09%	06%
	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

UNITED STATES MILITARY/POLITICAL HEGEMONY

Again, as in previous months, the editors of Red Star and Soviet officials continued to use every possible event and opportunity to bombast the policies of the U.S. government and Reagan's "confrontational policies."

The statistical data contained in Table 4 reflect the geographical emphasis pertaining to the Soviet propaganda theme--U.S. Military/Political Hegemony and Provocation--during a nine month period. (Percent equals total coverage for this propaganda theme.)

TABLE 4

Country/Area of U.S. Hegemony	1984									1983
	AUG	JUL	JUN	MAY	APR	MAR	FEB	JAN	DEC	
1. World Wide.....	43%	10%	12%	16%	27%	22%	25%	48%	28%	
2. Central America/ Caribbean.....	23%	41%	34%	27%	27%	23%	28%	22%	22%	
3. Asia/Pacific.....	14%	13%	12%	32%	16%	28%	15%	14%	09%	
4. Europe.....	10%	17%	34%	18%	25%	08%	09%	00%	07%	
5. Indian Ocean and Middle East.....	09%	19%	08%	07%	05%	14%	23%	16%	34%	
6. Africa.....	01%	00%	00%	00%	00%	05%	00%	00%	00%	
	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	

The Propaganda War

The Soviet propaganda campaign against Reagan and the United States continues unabated. Reagan has been compared (in Red Star) with Adolph Hitler. Cartoons continue to depict the American president as a cowboy ready to launch nuclear missiles. His joke about outlawing the Soviet Union and launching bombers to obliterate it was given wide coverage by Russian propagandists, and was used to fuel an emotional scare campaign.

During the past three years, the Soviet leadership has underscored its serious concern with regard to American (overt and covert) psychological warfare operations against the U.S.S.R., the Warsaw Pact countries and international communism. The following headlines and abstracts, from Red Star, indicate the scope and the tone of Soviet rhetoric about Reagan's anti-Soviet propaganda campaign.

Weapons of Lies and Diversion

- The CIA's psychological war against communist countries. Washington (the State Department) attempts to recruit Soviet citizens to conduct the propaganda war against the U.S.S.R.
- The propaganda film "Red Dawn" is released by the USIA. This is another in a series of films aimed at slandering and insulting the U.S.S.R. The film is very violent and it depicts wholesale slaughter by Soviet soldiers. Its purpose is to increase hatred of the Soviet Union, and to intensify anticommunist feelings throughout the world.

- The United States and its Western allies continue to slander, defame and lie about the U.S.S.R.
 - Many others have tried to slander the Soviet Union; for example, the U.S. government during the 1920s, then Hitler and now Reagan.
 - Churchill conveniently forgot about the millions of Soviet soldiers killed in World War II, when he initiated the Cold War.
 - While the U.S. and NATO talk about the Soviet military threat, they continue to prepare for World War III with new nuclear weapons and propaganda.
- Western journalists and media continue to lie about Soviet submarines in Swedish waters. The only submarines in Swedish waters are NATO submarines.
- Reagan continues to use the Los Angeles Olympics as a tool in his anti-Soviet campaign.
- Reagan wants to start World War III with the U.S.S.R. The world press denounced Reagan's statements about the Yalta Conference.
- In a Washington speech, President Reagan denounced the Yalta Conference of 1945. He slandered the U.S.S.R. and Poland. In addition, Reagan expressed support for the ideas advocated by West German Revanchist and military circles.
- The West has ridiculed the role of the U.S.S.R. in winning World War II. The lies of the Western historians about the opening of a second front and the role of the Soviet Union versus that of the U.S. and allied forces must be corrected.

Once again the Kremlin has increased the scope of its rhetoric in regard to the shooting down of the Korean Airline Flight 007.

- A West German documentary film reconstructed the KAL 007 incident over the U.S.S.R. It was shown that the United States must take the blame for the incident, because the flight was on a spy mission (for the CIA) over the U.S.S.R.
- The South Korean airline (KAL 007) incident was one of many secret CIA operations. The United States is conducting a secret global war to increase world tension. In 1983, Reagan organized four working groups to coordinate subversive operations worldwide.

The threat comes from Washington--Reagan's joke is part of his anti-Soviet propaganda crusade.

- Reagan's joke about bombing the U.S.S.R. is alarming and not very funny. In view of the American military buildup and anti-Soviet crusade, any joke about attacking the Soviet Union is disturbing.
- International public opinion condemns Reagan's irresponsible behavior and anti-Soviet comments.
- The people of many nations are upset and disturbed about Reagan's anti-Soviet comments (being ready to bomb the U.S.S.R.).
- Reagan is a warmonger, and he holds his finger on the button that can start a nuclear war. The world press condemns Reagan's anti-Soviet remarks.
- The American media and public opinion condemn Reagan's statements about outlawing the U.S.S.R., and the bombing of the Soviet Union.
- The U.S. Congress is alarmed and worried about Reagan's anti-Soviet statements. Reagan wants to start a nuclear war.
- The entire world is alarmed and condemns Reagan's latest anti-Soviet statements and jokes.

United States Hegemony in Central America and the Caribbean

Soviet propagandists and news media commentators are monotonously consistent in regard to their psychological strategy--they assiduously exploit propaganda themes based on current (events) vulnerabilities. In this regard, the Kremlin has repeatedly exploited American political, economic and military events/actions in the Caribbean and Central America. In August, 23 percent of all print coverage, in regard to American hegemony, pertained to Central America.

Incessantly, Moscow used exploitive and tough rhetoric about "Reagan's war" in Nicaragua. Soviet propagandists headlined and featured the following topics concerning American intervention and activities in Central America:

- CIA continues its armed aggression against Nicaragua--Reagan wants to destroy the Nicaraguan revolution.
- The Reagan administration continues to carry out its plans for military aggression against Nicaragua. Reagan slanders the Nicaraguan people, in his attempt to obtain more money from the U.S. Congress to fund counterrevolutionary activities.
- CIA-supported mercenaries attack the Nicaraguan coast--kill and wound innocent civilians.

- Political tension in Central America is caused by the Pentagon--the American military presence. The Pentagon constantly funds and supports counterrevolutionaries.
- A provocation against Nicaragua. The Pentagon is accelerating its military preparations (and bases) in Honduras in order to conduct anti-Nicaraguan activities.
- American Green Berets (Special Forces) have begun new maneuvers in Honduras--close to the Nicaraguan border. This is a new provocation.
- In order to destroy the Nicaraguan elections, the CIA has initiated a new operation (Horse) in Nicaragua, to establish a permanent rift between the Catholic Church and the government.
- CIA-sponsored insurgent bands have assembled in regions north and south of the borders of Nicaragua. The CIA plans to conduct more military operations in Nicaragua.
- Every month the CIA provides the Revolutionary Democratic Alliance with \$600,000 to fund the counterrevolution in Nicaragua. The so-called civil war has lasted for years.
- A Georgetown University professor (T. Moran) has published a book concerning American military losses in event of an attack against Nicaragua. The invasion would require:
 - 61,000 U.S. Marines and Rangers.
 - 216 military aircraft.
 - 730 helicopters and tanks.
 - A military occupation force for five years.
- The Nicaraguan army continues its courageous battle against American-supported counterrevolutionary bands.
- A documentary film on Soviet television emphasized U.S. military intervention in El Salvador. The film stressed American military intervention throughout Central America.
- Washington is escalating its military involvement in El Salvador. The U.S. Congress has approved an additional \$70 million for military aid to El Salvador.
- The Pentagon has completed a secret surveillance of revolutionary-controlled areas in El Salvador for possible bombing operations.
- Salvadoran patriots continue their successful military and propaganda operations against government forces.

- Innocent civilians are killed. El Salvadoran aircraft bombed over 100 civilian targets during the past month.
- The Reagan administration is prepared to implement the Pentagon's plans to attack Nicaragua. President Ortega urges the people of Nicaragua to defend the country and the revolution.
- The Nicaraguan government has expressed (frequently) the desire to have serious talks with the U.S. ranging from peace in Central America to normalization of U.S.-Nicaraguan affairs.
- The Nicaraguan president criticizes the continuing American aggression against his country. The people of Nicaragua support the revolution.
- Many American congressmen oppose Reagan's undeclared war in Nicaragua. The House of Representatives voted against providing the CIA with money to support Nicaraguan counterrevolutionaries.
- The president of Guyana condemns American military intervention and imperialism in Central America.
- CIA fabricates more propaganda--no proof exists. General Gorman and the U.S. Ambassador to El Salvador spread lies (at a press conference) about the flow of arms from Nicaragua to Salvadoran revolutionaries.
- The Commander-in-Chief of U.S. military forces in Central and South America, General Gorman, horrifies the U.S. Congress with claims about the communist threat in Central America. His goal, and it is also Reagan's goal, is to destroy the Nicaraguan revolution and discourage liberation movements in the region.
- The Pentagon is ready to deploy nuclear weapons to new military bases being constructed in Puerto Rico.
- The Pentagon accelerates its plans to establish a multi-national military force for the Caribbean region. Washington has already spent over \$100 million on this project. The military force would be from the U.S., Barbados, Antigua, Dominica, St. Vincent, Grenada, St. Lucia and St. Christopher.

American Aggression and Imperialism in the Red Sea

- Washington and its NATO allies are expanding their military influence in the Red Sea. They are mining the Red Sea in order to control Arab countries.
- A new threat to the Middle East. The U.S. Navy and NATO are concentrating their ships and aircraft in the Red Sea area. It appears that

the multinational forces (from Lebanon) are regrouping in order to control the Mideast.

- Reagan is planning a new Middle East military intervention. Using the excuse that they plan to clear mines, NATO forces are expanding their military presence in the Red Sea. The U.S. Navy has many warships in the area.
- The U.S.--NATO military buildup in the Red Sea is aimed at destroying the Arab peoples.
- U.S. Navy ships begin searching for mines off the coast of Saudi Arabia. Over 1,400 military personnel are active in this aggressive operation.
- It has been reported that the U.S. and Israel are responsible for the mines in the Red Sea.
- NATO expands its military presence in the Red Sea area.
- The Pentagon and NATO want to remain indefinitely in the strategic Red Sea area. The British Navy claims that its ships must remain in the area for at least three months.
- NATO sends more warships into the Red Sea under the pretext of searching for mines.
- The United States, England and France hold joint consultations on the continuing operations to clear the waters of the Suez Canal (and the Red Sea) of mines. Reagan wants to expand the American military presence in the Middle East.

Additional Propaganda Items Related to Military/Political Hegemony

The following additional abstracts and headlines from Red Star indicate the overall scope, tone and emphasis of Soviet propaganda about American imperialism and hegemony as related to other topics and areas of the world:

India and Afghanistan

- Washington wants to weaken India and is funding the Punjab reactionaries. Concrete evidence has been discovered that proves the Punjab revolutionaries have strong ties with the Afghanistan counterrevolutionaries and the CIA.
- American intervention in India. The Indian people and government are disturbed and outraged that the U.S. Congress plans to have hearings on

the Punjab incident. It is common knowledge that the CIA supports the terrorists in the Punjab.

- Reagan pressures the U.S. Congress to allocate an additional \$50 million to support counterrevolutionary bands in Afghanistan.

Asia and the Pacific

- The Pentagon wants to turn ASEAN into a NATO-type military alliance that would be controlled by the U.S. The ASEAN countries do not want to become a military bloc.
- The Americans are doing their utmost to cause increased tension in Southeast Asia. Reagan is trying to cause conflict in the region by getting ASEAN countries to oppose (and isolate) the countries of Indochina, on the basis of the Soviet-Vietnamese threat. The Indochina countries support peace in the region.
- The Pentagon continues to pressure ASEAN countries to become a military bloc that will support U.S. interests in Southeast Asia.
- The Commander in Chief of the U.S. Air Force, Pacific, General O'Mally, visits ASEAN countries to obtain an expansion in military cooperation between the U.S. and ASEAN countries. One purpose of his visit is to encourage ASEAN countries to buy American military weapons and technology.
- The White House is attempting to form a NATO-type military alliance in Southeast Asia, the alliance would be an expansion of the current military arrangements between Washington-Seoul-Tokyo.
- The Pentagon continues to buildup its military forces and high tech weapons in South Korea and Japan. The U.S. insists that Japan and Korea build up their military forces.
- Washington is responsible for increased tension in Southeast Asia and (Reagan) is trying to prevent the normalization of relations between ASEAN countries and Indochina. China is also guilty of continuing tension in the region.
- Thailand has become the obedient gendarme (and puppet) of the United States.
 - Thailand is increasing its aggression against Indochina.
 - Thai military bases are used to train and arm Pol Pot bands.
 - Thai military units frequently shell targets in Laos and Kampuchea.

- August 7th was the (gloomy) anniversary of the Tonkin Gulf Resolution, which allowed President Johnson to initiate large-scale military aggression against the people of Vietnam (1964). Today the U.S. continues its aggression against other countries in Asia and Central America.
- The people of Vietnam must remain vigilant and not forget American aggression. Exhibits in a new museum in Ho Chi Minh City remind the people of American aggression in Vietnam. It shows the full scope and horror of U.S. militarism and brutality.

Africa

- American mines explode in the Port of Luanda, Angola. An Angolan and East German ship were seriously damaged. The CIA is behind this subversive and barbaric explosion.
- The CIA is behind new terrorist actions in Angola. The CIA is cooperating with South Africa in organizing and mounting subversive operations against Angola.
- The United States and Israel are helping South Africa to develop bacteriological warfare weapons. Several viruses and bacteria intended only for blacks (will not harm white people) are being developed by the racist regime.

Other

- The Pentagon is increasing its military forces overseas. Over 530,000 troops are stationed overseas, of which 360,000 are located in Western Europe.
- New aggressive plans for the Mediterranean.
 - The U.S. Navy will increase the size of combat ships in the Sixth Fleet.
 - Sixth Fleet ships will be modernized with high-tech weapons including nuclear weapons.
 - The Sixth Fleet played a vital role in American aggression in Lebanon.
 - The Pentagon plans to expand and modernize its military bases from Spain to Turkey.
 - The cruise missiles at the Comiso Military Base in Sicily, will play an important role in this network of American military bases.

- The American cruise missiles on station at the Comizo Base (Sicily) can target most strategic countries in the Middle East and Africa. The Arab governments are most concerned about NATO military activities in this area.
- The Pentagon is turning Turkey into a major military stronghold for U.S. Aggression--there are over 57 (U.S.) military bases and posts in Turkey.
- The U.S. Supports Israeli Aggression in the Middle East. The American State Department officially opposes the Soviet proposal for resolving the conflict in the Middle East. Reagan rejects those items in the proposal which call for the withdrawal of Israeli troops from occupied lands.
- Brigadier General Smith (U.S.A.) has proposed to establish a giant pipeline of liquid explosives (a belt of dynamite) around Warsaw Block countries. The Pentagon claims that this would help to contain the Soviet threat. The European press has condemned this latest idea of aggression.

THE ARMS RACE AND ARMS LIMITATION

In August 1984, the editors of the leading Soviet military newspaper Red Star allocated 24 percent of its coverage of the United States to the subject of the arms race and arms limitation (see table 3). In feature articles and editorials, the Soviet press and leadership once again headlined and underscored that the United States is committed to increasing the number of advanced and sophisticated nuclear weapons in its arsenal, in order to obtain nuclear supremacy over the U.S.S.R. and be in a position to launch a first-strike attack on key Soviet targets.

In a series of feature articles, Soviet propagandists and the editors of Red Star underscored that President Reagan has made hawks out of American scientists, and he is using them to develop new super weapons.

- The Livermore Laboratories in California are researching the effects of new nuclear weapons. It has been discovered that an H-bomb explosion three kilometers above the earth could destroy all Soviet electronic systems and power grids.
- Scientists at Livermore Laboratories are conducting experiments with X-Ray lasers, anti-nuclear and anti-missile systems.
- American scientists are working feverishly on third generation first strike nuclear weapons.

- Reagan insists that scientists develop new super weapons as a deterrent to the myth about the Soviet threat.
- All of this development negates any progress on disarmament.

In regard to the arms race, the Kremlin underscored that the Reagan administration plans to allocate \$300 billion in an unprecedented military buildup in order to obtain military supremacy over the U.S.S.R. The American objective is to have a first strike capability against the Soviets. According to Moscow, over 30 percent of the money will be spent on Reagan's strategic super-programs:

- The military buildup in space.
- MX and Trident missile systems, the B-1B bomber and more Minuteman III missiles.
- More Pershing II and cruise missiles.
- Ohio class submarines and increasing the size of the U.S. Navy to 600 combat ships.
- New attack aircraft for the Air Force and Navy.

The following headlines and abstracts from Red Star reveals the day-after-day intensity and hysteria of Soviet propaganda pertaining to the arms race:

On the Subject of Nuclear Weapons

- The Pentagon plans to modify the B-52 so it can drop nuclear weapons to support tactical operations in Western Europe.
- The Socialist Democratic Party of Germany strongly criticizes Reagan's plans to deploy additional Pershing II nuclear missiles in West Germany.
- Washington has developed emergency steps for a nuclear war. Reliable documents reveal the Pentagon's plans for nuclear war.
- In order to make the United States less vulnerable to a nuclear attack, the Pentagon is accelerating all of its programs to develop and test anti-missile and anti-air defense systems.
- The U.S. Air Force is modernizing many of its aircraft and equipping them with early warning systems for a nuclear attack.
- Preparing for war. The Americans have started construction of a huge bunker in Buckinghamshire, England. It will be the command center for

nuclear cruise missiles and other nuclear weapons that will be launched from Great Britain.

- The U.S. Army is conducting military exercises in West Germany for the deployment and launch of Pershing II (first strike) nuclear missiles at Warsaw Block countries.
- A first strike capability. The American plan to deploy more Pershing II and cruise missile in Europe. Reagan insists on military supremacy over the U.S.S.R.

On the Subject of Chemical Weapons

- Reagan continues to talk about the control of chemical weapons, but the United States has the largest stock of chemical weapons in the world.
- The Pentagon plans to spend over \$10 billion for new chemical/biological weapons (in the next five years).
- Washington continues its arms buildup based on the myth about the Soviet military threat. The U.S. claims that the U.S.S.R. has sent special chemical warfare units to the Far East, based on this lie the Pentagon is increasing its production of chemical weapons-especially binary weapons.
- The State Department claims that Soviet chemical weapons are being used in Asia, but no one will forget the American use of chemical weapons in Vietnam.
- The Reagan administration is trying to avoid blame for the consequences of the use of chemical warfare weapons in Vietnam. The (U.S.) National Center for Control of Diseases published a report attempting to prove that American chemical weapons (in Vietnam) had minimal effects on the health of American soldiers.

On the Subject of Space Weapons

- Reagan insists on a first-strike capability from space.
- Washington's dangerous plans. The Pentagon's space war program is a serious threat to world peace. The U.S. will spend over 1.5 billion dollars in 1985 on space programs, which include space-based anti-missile systems.

- The military potential of Space. Military satellite communications system are a major concern of the U.S. defense establishment. Over the next four years the military budget may reach three trillion dollars, and a significant portion will be spent for space weapons.
- The list goes on. In 1982, the Pentagon spent \$500 million on the MILSTAR (satellite) program, today over 1.5 billion dollars is spent on MILSTAR.
- U.S. Air Force satellite communications will be used by the strategic Air Forces to conduct nuclear war against the U.S.S.R.
- The Reagan administration accelerates its military programs in space.
- The propaganda war in space. The USIA provided NASA with 1.5 million dollars to develop and deploy giant radio satellites. They will be used for American radio propaganda stations--Voice of America, Radio Liberty, Radio Free Europe and so forth.

Other Topics Related to the Arms Race

- A description of AWACS--an air espionage system. One AWACS aircraft costs \$100 million. AWACS has a highly sophisticated radar and communications system that permit these planes to spy on Warsaw Pact countries. AWACS aircraft are active along the borders of the U.S.S.R.
- The Pentagon continues to improve and test new Tomahawk cruise missiles.
- The race for military supremacy. The American military budget will be over 300 billion dollars. The money will be spent on new nuclear weapons and annual maneuvers designed to practice for nuclear war.
- The threat from Washington. Reagan wants military supremacy and a first strike capability against the Soviet Union. He does not care how much it will cost.
- The Pentagon is accelerating its military programs and spending money at an unprecedented rate for a large scale military buildup and modernization.

On Arms Control and Reduction of Military Forces

In August, as in previous months, the leaders in the Kremlin continued to insist that the U.S.S.R. supports nuclear disarmament, weapons reduction, the peaceful use of space and nonnuclear zones. In contrast, Reagan is a dangerous cowboy who desires world conquest and is determined to alter the strategic

balance in order to obtain military superiority and a first strike capability over the Soviet Union.

The following headlines and abstracts from Red Star indicate the scope and tone of Russian propaganda on this subject:

- The Soviet defense ministry condemns the American military buildup, and notes that the U.S.S.R. supports arms control. However, the Soviet Union will never permit the United States to destroy or alter the balance between the Warsaw Pact and NATO.
- The Soviet Union supports the peaceful use of space. Space research and programs should benefit mankind. Soviet research and exploration in space have benefitted all of the world. Unfortunately, American space programs are a threat to the peace of the world. But it is not too late, the U.S. can stop these developments. Meanwhile the U.S.S.R. is doing all it can to keep space peaceful.
- The New York Times calls the American policy in regard to weapons in space as two-faced. Although Reagan claims that he favors negotiations, he has rejected Soviet proposals for total limitations (of weapons) in space. The U.S. government is not interested in arms treaties.
- The first International Conference on Nonnuclear Zones met in Manchester, England. The conference requested Chernenko's views--he responded that he supported peace, nuclear disarmament and nonnuclear zones.
- The U.S.S.R. supports peace and arms control, but won't let the U.S. gain military supremacy over the Warsaw Pact countries.
- World leaders and the international press applauds Soviet counter-measures against the American deployment of Pershing II missiles in West Germany. The Soviet Union intends to maintain a strict balance between NATO and Warsaw Pact countries.
- Secretary of State Schultz justifies Reagan's military buildup. He insists that the U.S. must be strong to counter the Soviet military threat. He claims that the U.S. is willing to renew the dialogue with the Soviet Union, but cannot prove that Reagan has taken steps to do this.

FOREIGN MILITARY ASSISTANCE AND MUTUAL SECURITY

Soviet propaganda emphasis, pertaining to United States military assistance and mutual security programs, remained at a very modest level (see Table 3). The geographical/country emphasis given to this topic by Moscow for the period

January 1984 through August 1984 is presented in the data contained in Table 5, below.

TABLE 5

Country or Area Given Military Assistance or Mutual Security	Aug 1984*	July 1984*	June 1984*	May 1984*	Apr 1984*	Mar 1984*	Feb 1984*	Jan 1984*
1. Asia/Pacific.....	75%	20%	61%	16%	38%	14%	59%	29%
2. Europe/NATO.....	12%	57%	05%	09%	01%	38%	16%	21%
3. China.....	11%	07%	25%	34%	27%	02%	---	---
4. Middle East.....	01%	10%	01%	41%	34%	23%	06%	24%
5. Latin America.....	01%	03%	08%	---	---	08%	19%	01%
6. Africa.....	---	03%	---	---	---	15%	---	25%
	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>

(*Percent is total coverage of space for theme.)

American military cooperation and mutual security arrangements with Pakistan received significant coverage (in August) in the leading Soviet military newspaper Red Star. The Kremlin elected to underscore the following topics and propaganda themes, in regard to relations between Washington and Islambad.

- The CIA and Pentagon's military base. The Pentagon is constructing military facilities in Pakistan for Pershing II missiles. Pakistan is:
 - The American gendarme in the region, replacing Iran after the overthrow of the Shah.
 - Benefitting from American military aid, purchasing U.S. weapons and new technology.
 - The ideal staging area for rapid deployment forces for the Middle East and/or Asia.
- Washington is using Pakistan to carry out subversive operations in India and Afghanistan. India is very concerned in regard to U.S. military aid (to Pakistan).
- American-Pakistani military cooperation. U.S. Navy Secretary Lehman visited Islambad to discuss new military alliances and counterrevolutionary activities in Afghanistan.
- Pakistan is training Afghan counterrevolutionaries for the CIA.

- Base of aggression and terrorism. The Pentagon and the CIA have turned Pakistan into a huge American military base for Southwest Asia and the Middle East.
- The U.S. sends more F-16s and billions of dollars in aid to Pakistan.
- Pakistan is the forward base for CIA operations in Afghanistan. It is obvious that the Reagan administration wants to destroy liberation movements. Pakistan is expected to help the Americans keep liberation movements out of Asia.
- Pakistan can help the United States military machine mount operations against governments that are not friendly to Washington. If necessary, the Pentagon can use Pakistan for quick access of rapid deployment forces to the Persian Gulf and the Indian Ocean.
- The CIA is using Pakistan to assist revolutionaries in the northeast states of India.
- Washington accelerates its programs to provide high military technology to Pakistan. Pakistan has received over 21 F-16s from the United States.
- NATO and Western European countries are supplying high-tech weapons to Pakistan. Pakistan has ordered seven sophisticated warships, aircraft and missiles.

Other selected abstracts and headlines of articles from Red Star that reflect the overall tone and focus of Soviet propaganda pertaining to American military assistance and mutual security topics are presented below:

- Washington and Tokyo plan to exchange military technology information on a regular basis.
- American and British ships carrying nuclear weapons will not be permitted to use New Zealand ports.
- U.S. Army Special Forces (Green Berets) conduct extensive secret training in Thailand (COBRA GOLD-84).
- The Greek government has refused to participate in joint maneuvers with the United States (planned for September). There is no threat to Greece from the U.S.S.R.
- The United States and Peru conduct joint Marine training exercises.
- The United States has decided to supply Japan with 189 kg. of plutonium. This product can be used for development of nuclear weapons.

- The United States and NATO have forced Denmark to build airfields for U.S. military aircraft. These facilities would be used in the event of an international crisis.
- The U.S. Navy continues to dock ships with nuclear weapons in the Port of Sasebo, Japan.
- On August 9, the American and Japanese navies started large scale naval maneuvers.
- The Pentagon will provide substantial military assistance to Turkey in an attempt to update and modernize Turkey's military forces.
- The chief of the Egyptian armed forces visited the Pentagon to discuss U.S.--Egyptian military cooperation and actions.
- British nuclear weapons are controlled by the U.S. The independent British nuclear deterrent forces are not independent. They are controlled by Washington as outlined in a secret U.S.-British treaty for cooperation in the use of nuclear weapons. All American supplied missiles are maintained by U.S. personnel.
- The American Secretary of the Navy visits China to discuss exchange visits by U.S. and Chinese navy ships.
- The U.S. Navy Secretary (Lehman) discusses mutual military cooperation with Chinese military officials in Beijing.
- Navy Secretary Lehman visits Chinese naval bases and discusses military cooperation with Chinese officials. U.S. and Chinese navies plan to exchange technology and weapons. U.S. Navy ships may dock in Chinese ports.
- Another dangerous step. The U.S.--Chinese military alliance is a serious threat to the world (peace), especially to the Pacific Ocean and Asian regions.
- The United States and China have signed a treaty for cooperation in aerospace technology.
- More trade between the U.S. and China. Reagan sends a new tariff treaty to Congress for ratification.

OTHER THEMES ABOUT THE UNITED STATES

Consistently, the Soviet press and public media report only those events, activities and subjects about the United States that reflect tragic or bad news, or are derogatory of American institutions and society, or are inflammatory in tone toward the current administration in Washington. For five years,

an average of six percent of the space in Red Star (about the United States) was allocated to themes other than military topics--in August 1984 it was 8 percent.

The following abstracts and headlines (from Red Star) reflect the tone and scope of other themes:

Soviet propaganda pertaining to the Los Angeles Olympics:

- Ruffians attacked members of the Indian Olympic delegation and destroyed the Indian flag. India has protested to the U.S. government, but no action has been taken to punish the ruffians (juvenile delinquents).
- Reagan has used the Los Angeles Olympic games as an anti-Soviet propaganda tool. The United States has turned the olympics into a propaganda show and a commercial instrument.
- Crime and violence have plagued the Los Angeles Olympics.
- The Olympics are blackened by another incident. The coach of the American basketball team was assaulted and suffered a knife wound in his throat--he was hospitalized.
- The Los Angeles Olympics are tainted by American nationalism.

Crime and Social Problems

- The crime rate keeps rising in New York City. No street is safe.
- While President Reagan is concerned about his own diet, he completely ignores the diets of American who are starving to death.
 - Over 15 percent of all Americans cannot afford an adequate (healthy) diet.
 - Reagan has no sympathy for the poor; many live below the poverty level.
 - Reagan has taken away or reduced many of the basic benefits for the poor, such as medical care and free school lunches.
 - The number of poor people has risen sharply since Reagan became president.
- New York City police suppressed a peaceful demonstration in protest of the bloody Chilean dictatorship. The police used tear gas and arrested many of the demonstrators.

Other Topics

- The Republican Party in its convention in Dallas, Texas continued to support the violent anti-Soviet crusade and military buildup of the Reagan administration.
- Reagan is the official candidate for president. The Republican Convention supports his anti-Soviet war policies.
- The Democratic presidential candidate, Walter Mondale calls the Republican convention a gathering of the rich. He criticizes Reagan's huge deficits and policy of confrontation.
- Censorship of American news media. A new Pentagon directive controls the civilian news media in regard to all U.S. military actions overseas. This means that the Pentagon will have a monopoly on its propaganda.
- Two worlds and two approaches to economics--socialist economics versus the capitalist economic system--CEMA versus the U.S. and the Common Market.

AFGHANISTAN

For more than four years, events in Afghanistan have received an average of four percent of foreign coverage in the Soviet military press--in August it was almost seven percent. Moscow provides its troops with a minimum amount of information concerning combat activities in Afghanistan. In August, the Kremlin emphasized the following topics in regard to Russian military and civic actions in Afghanistan:

- Soviet military units serving in the Pamir Mountains in Afghanistan excel in their combat operations and in fulfilling their international duties (to socialism).
- Soviet soldiers in Afghanistan are dedicated and conscientious. They come from all over the U.S.S.R., and they are dedicated to international socialism and unified by its principles.
- In an emergency situation, a Soviet pilot managed to land safely in an old Afghanistan airplane. He saved valuable cargo (that was in the aircraft). Later this heroic pilot was killed in a fight with counterrevolutionaries. He was a true hero.
- The people of Afghanistan are very grateful for Soviet military aid.
- Soviet military helicopters transport cargo and passengers to many remote villages in Afghanistan.

- Afghan friends admire the heroism of Soviet soldiers.
- Soviets work alongside Afghanistan geologists in search of oil and gas.

The overall focus and tone of additional propaganda articles pertaining to Afghanistan are expressed in the following abstracts and headlines (from Red Star):

- Afghanistan factories and cooperative farms form civil defense units to protect themselves from counterrevolutionaries.
- Afghanistan army units defeat counterrevolutionary groups and capture large stocks of weapons including 24 rockets, 5 grenade launchers and 2 radar stations. All of the weapons and equipment were from the United States.
- The Afghanistan army defeated more counterrevolutionary bands.
- Military weapons captured from Afghan counterrevolutionary bands were of Chinese manufacture--this is proof of Chinese involvement in military aggression against Afghanistan.
- The Reagan administration pressured the U.S. Congress to allot \$50 million more dollars to provide weapons and training for Afghan counterrevolutionaries.
- Afghan counterrevolutionary bands from three camps in Pakistan fight each other--13 were killed.
- The Afghan people firmly support the April revolution. Babrak Karmal, President of Afghanistan, condemned Reagan for aiding counterrevolutionary bands.
- A massive celebration was held in Moscow to honor the 65th anniversary of the independence of Afghanistan.
- The people of Afghanistan thank the U.S.S.R. for its aid to the country, on its 65th birthday.
- Afghanistan and Pakistan renew their talks in Geneva.

MIDDLE EAST

The Middle East, as a region, received almost four percent of the total foreign coverage in the Soviet military press. Much of the propaganda content concerned American and NATO operations in clearing mines in the Red Sea and the Suez Canal. As noted, Soviet propaganda accused the U.S. and NATO in

mining the waters of the Red Sea, in order to control Arab countries. The Kremlin repeatedly highlighted that Reagan wants to expand the number of American military forces in the Middle East. In addition to the above topics, the Soviet military press and political propagandists emphasized the following subjects:

- The two approaches to the problems in the Middle East. The U.S.S.R.'s latest proposal for peace in the Middle East has received wide acclaim by the international press. The Soviet proposal calls for:
 - The return of Israeli-occupied territory to the Arab countries (West Bank, Gaza, the Golan Heights and Lebanon).
 - The creation of an independent Palestinian government.
 - East Jerusalem would be under the control of Palestine.
 - Continued peace to be guaranteed by the U.N.
 - Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) and Arab countries would take part in the negotiations.

This proposal is far superior to the Camp David solution, which only served the U.S.--Israeli interests.

- The international press praised and commented on the latest Soviet proposal for bringing peace to the Middle East.
- Many world leaders praised the recent Soviet suggestions for a peaceful solution to the problems in the Middle East.
- The U.S. State Department officially opposed the Soviet proposal for regulating the situation in the Middle East. The Americans rejected all aspects of the proposal which calls for Israeli withdrawal from the lands that it has occupied since 1967. The U.S. supports Israeli aggression in the region.
- Syria officially complains to the United Nations in regard to the Israeli policy for conducting terrorism against the Arab populations in the occupied territories.
- The Israeli government plans to annex southern Lebanon. They continue to oppress and arrest innocent citizens.
- Israel continues its aggression in Lebanon--blocking the governments attempts to normalize the political situation. Lebanese patriots continue to fight for Israeli withdrawal.

- On August 3, the Israeli Navy shelled West Beirut. The Lebanese army returned the fire and expelled the aggressor. Lebanese patriots continue to fight Israelis in southern Lebanon.
- The Israeli army continues to oppress and arrest civilians. The patriotic people of Lebanon fight the Israeli invaders.
- More arrests and interrogations of innocent civilians. The Israeli occupation of Lebanon must end.
- Update on Lebanon. Groups of Lebanese patriots continue to fight in southern Lebanon. The Lebanese government is working with Syria to restore peace and order.
- Armed clashes occur between various religious groups in Tripoli.

WEST GERMANY

In August 1984, the Bonn government continued to receive near average coverage in the Soviet press (see Table 1). As in past months, the leadership in the Kremlin is concerned about: (1) West German "Revanchism" or the attempts to regain territory lost in World War II; (2) the restoration of Nazi army traditions (in the West German army), and (3) the revival of German nationalism and militarism. Some examples of the focus and tone of Soviet propaganda are listed below:

- A dangerous step. A West German Company (Orbital Transport and Rockets) tested medium range missiles in Zaire.
- West German and Dutch firms are testing new "Wild Cat" self-propelled air defense armored vehicles. It is a very high-tech vehicle.
- The West German government refuses to prosecute former Nazis and war criminals.
- A West German government official denies the presence of Revanchist groups, and challenges the Soviets to name them. Red Star names one-- The Union of the Exiled. It has 2.5 million members and controls 300 newspapers. This organization claims Soviet, Polish and Czechoslovakian territory as German. They want a Germany with its 1937 boundaries. Revanchist groups have the support of many government and military leaders in West Germany.
- Neo-nazi groups expand their activities. Neo-nazi bands have terrorized the citizens of Hanover on their so-called "battle day." The public was very disturbed by the aggressive behavior of the Neo-nazis.

- The spirit of militarism and revanchism are a threat to the peace of Europe. West German Revanchist groups continue to increase the scope of their activities.
- Henrik Windelen, Minister of West German Internal Affairs, has very close contacts with Revanchist groups. He has openly attended many Revanchist conferences. He supports their principles and goals. What is worse, is that the German government has not criticized or opposed his views.
- The Bonn government is sympathetic to Revanchist groups which claim certain socialist bloc territories.
- Revanchist groups are increasing their activities in West Germany. The Bonn government continues to ignore their activities.
- On August 9, Afghan counterrevolutionaries attacked the Afghan Embassy in Bonn. The West German government must improve its security around the embassy.

CHINA

China continued to receive moderate coverage in the Soviet media (almost two percent of all foreign coverage concerned China). The major focus of Soviet propaganda was related to Chinese military aggression against Vietnam and Chinese relations with the United States and Pakistan.

The following headlines and abstracts reveal the scope and tone of Russia propaganda related to China:

- Pakistan and China provide extensive support and weapons to the Afghan counterrevolutionaries. Both countries cooperate closely on this adventure.
- On August 17 a Chinese Air Force delegation arrived in Pakistan. The purpose of the visit was to expand military cooperation between the two countries.
- The American Sikorsky Aircraft Company and the Chinese Trade Organization signed a contract for the sale of 24 helicopters (similar to the "Black Hawk" military helicopter) to China. The helicopters may be classified as commercial but they will be used as military helicopters.
- Another dangerous step. The visit of the U.S. Navy Secretary to China is another dangerous step in the U.S.-Chinese military alliance. It is a serious threat to the peace of the world. (Note: Secretary Lehman's visit to China received extensive media coverage.)

- U.S. senators express concern in regard to Western European countries selling nuclear waste to China. This could lead to the refining of the waste for use in Chinese nuclear weapons.
- More trade between the U.S. and China. Reagan signs a new tariff treaty.
- China continues its aggression against civilians in the northern provinces of Vietnam.
- China has escalated its aggression against Vietnam. Chinese military forces kill many innocent civilians.
- The Chief of Staff of the Vietnamese army insists that Vietnam must not give in to Chinese aggression.
- China's involvement in military aggression against Afghanistan--an expose.
- The Chinese defense minister visits Latin American countries to obtain support for China's policies.

PAKISTAN

Pakistan received considerable attention, with over three percent of the total foreign coverage in the Soviet military press. The majority of the content, as discussed above, concerned American military assistance and cooperation with the government in Islamabad. The Kremlin headlined the following topics:

- The CIA and the Pentagon's military bases (in Pakistan).
- In war, Pakistan will be the primary military base for American forces.
- Pakistan as a base of aggression and terrorism (for U.S. forces).
- Washington accelerates its program to arm Pakistan.
- NATO countries supply weapons to Pakistan.
- Pakistan will help the U.S. mount military operations against governments that do not cooperate with Washington--such as India.
- Pakistan's propaganda campaign against Afghanistan must cease.

NATO MILITARY EXERCISES

A consistent Soviet propaganda objective (directed to its military forces) is to headline and emphasize the American-NATO military threat to the U.S.S.R. Consequently, in August, the editors of Red Star listed and described the scope of NATO's exercises scheduled for the Fall of 1984.

- NATO will conduct WEAPONRY-84 maneuvers (for tactical fighters) in Denmark, Norway and Baltic air space in late August.
- NATO begins a new series of naval maneuvers in the Baltic Sea. West Germany and Denmark will participate in the exercises.
- BOLD-84 -- over 17,000 troops will participate in this NATO military exercise which will be conducted in Denmark.
- AUTUMN-FORGE-84 -- over 250,000 troops of NATO countries from Norway to Turkey will be involved in this huge provocative military exercise.
- NATO exercises within AUTUMN FORCE-89 will include: LION HEART -- naval and land exercises; CERTAIN FURY land exercises; COLD FIRE air exercises; FLICKER ANGEL land exercises; BAR FROST naval, air and land exercises; DETERRENT FORCE naval exercises; DISPLAY DETERMINATION and BRISK FRY land exercises.

COMMUNIST CELEBRATIONS

Czechoslovakia received significant coverage (see Table 1) in the Soviet military press due to celebrations and events in honor of the 40th Anniversary of the Czechoslovakian Uprising. A large Soviet delegation headed by Defense Minister Ustinov participated in the festivities. President Gusak and Marshall Ustinov praised Soviet-Czech relations, achievements and the Soviet role in liberating Czechoslovakia in World War II.

The expanded coverage of Mongolia (see Table 1) was due to the celebration of the 45th Anniversary of the Soviet-Mongolian victory over the Japanese Army at Khalkin-Gol.

PART II - COVERAGE OF SOVIET DOMESTIC ISSUES AND MILITARY TOPICS

GENERAL

Of the total space in Red Star for August 1984, 71 percent was allocated to issues and comment about domestic subjects in the U.S.S.R.--military, political, economic and social. News and feature stories about the Soviet military represented 67 percent of the total domestic coverage. A statistical view of the major subjects about the Soviet Union as it appeared in Red Star during the past 14 months is shown in Table 6, below. (Percent is the total of Soviet domestic coverage.)

TABLE 6

SUBJECT/THEME	1984							1983						
	AUG	JUL	JUN	MAY	APR	MAR	FEB	JAN	DEC	NOV	OCT	SEP	AUG	JUL
Soviet Military.....	67%	66%	65%	66%	45%	56%	46%	64%	59%	67%	71%	69%	67%	59%
Society/Culture.....	13%	14%	12%	11%	12%	14%	09%	11%	14%	11%	11%	11%	14%	15%
Foreign Affairs.....	09%	05%	09%	10%	08%	06%	07%	02%	03%	03%	03%	05%	03%	05%
Economy/Technology....	05%	07%	04%	03%	05%	07%	05%	05%	08%	05%	07%	04%	08%	10%
Domestic Politics.....	03%	05%	06%	07%	25%	13%	30%	15%	12%	10%	03%	03%	04%	06%
Other	03%	03%	04%	03%	05%	04%	03%	03%	04%	04%	05%	08%	04%	05%
	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

THE SOVIETS IN SPACE

In August 1984, Soviet activities in space received almost daily coverage in Red Star. The emphasis was on the intensity and the variety of Soviet space programs, especially the SALYUT-7 Space Station and the launching of new satellites. The following are examples of headlines, articles, and news items about activities in space.

- Soviet cosmonauts of SALYUT-7 and SOYUZ T-11 continue their daily experiments and work on schedule. They are in good health.
- Everything according to plan. The cosmonauts on SALYUT have accomplished their tasks on schedule. No problems.
- Space walk. Two cosmonauts on SALYUT-7 Space Station conduct planned operations in open space. All experiments and work is on schedule.
- Update on SALYUT-7 and SOYUZ T-11 space programs. Two Soviet cosmonauts carry out operations and tasks in open space. All work performed without problems and on schedule.
- The U.S.S.R. launched a space cargo ship (PROGRESS-23) on August 14 to transport fuel and cargo to the SALYUT-7 Space Station.
- The PROGRESS-23 cargo ship hooks up with SALYUT-7 and SOYUZ T-11 space stations on August 16. A fantastic achievement that was realized without any problems.

- Cosmonauts on SALYUT-7 continue their work and conduct new experiments in accordance with exact schedule. Work is routine.
- The PROGRESS-23 cargo space ship completes its mission to SALYUT-7, returns to earth and burns up as it reenters the earth's atmosphere.
- The U.S.S.R. launches Satellite KOSMOS-1585 on July 31. No problems.
- The Soviet Union launched a Horizon Satellite on August 2. Everything went on schedule.
- On August 2, the U.S.S.R. launched another satellite KOSMOS-1586.
- Another successful space launch. Satellite KOSMOS-1587 is launched on August 6 - no problems.
- A double launch. On August 8, the Soviet space center launched KOSMOS-1588 and KOSMOS-1589.
- The U.S.S.R. space center launched KOSMOS-1590 on August 16. No problems.
- The U.S.S.R. launched a communications satellite, MOLNIYA-1, on August 24. The cosmonauts on SALYUT continue to work on schedule.

SOVIET MILITARY TOPICS

As in previous months, news articles and feature stories about Soviet military discipline and morale received the majority of space pertaining to military subjects (see Table 7). (Percent is total Soviet military coverage.)

TABLE 7

<u>MILITARY/SUBJECT</u>	<u>1984</u>												<u>1983</u>	
	<u>AUG</u>	<u>JUL</u>	<u>JUN</u>	<u>MAY</u>	<u>APR</u>	<u>MAR</u>	<u>FEB</u>	<u>JAN</u>	<u>DEC</u>	<u>NOV</u>	<u>OCT</u>	<u>SEP</u>	<u>AUG</u>	
Military Discipline/Morale.....	45%	39%	51%	46%	48%	49%	43%	49%	49%	42%	47%	40%	46%	
Soviet History/WW II..	27%	26%	25%	30%	20%	23%	22%	21%	21%	19%	18%	21%	16%	
Soviet Military Training/Exercises....	24%	29%	17%	16%	19%	21%	24%	21%	22%	30%	24%	30%	26%	
Military Logistics....	02%	03%	02%	01%	05%	04%	03%	03%	04%	04%	04%	03%	05%	
Arms Control.....	02%	02%	04%	06%	06%	03%	07%	06%	04%	05%	07%	03%	05%	
Other Military.....	<u>00%</u>	<u>01%</u>	<u>01%</u>	<u>01%</u>	<u>02%</u>	<u>00%</u>	<u>01%</u>	<u>00%</u>	<u>00%</u>	<u>00%</u>	<u>00%</u>	<u>03%</u>	<u>02%</u>	
	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	

Again, during August, the editors of Red Star provided information, guidance, and instructions to Communist Party and Komsomol organizations in the Soviet armed forces. Strong Communist Party influence, on all elements of the armed forces, was stated as an essential goal, in order to improve military readiness, discipline and morale.

The following headlines and abstracts contain the overall scope, substance, and tone of Red Star's coverage (and guidance) of Communist Party and Komsomol organization activities in the armed forces of the U.S.S.R.:

- Some important political goals. All military Komsomol organizations must increase their membership and also increase their influence on the armed forces. Specifically, Komsomol organizations must:
 - Help to improve all aspects of military training, discipline, and morale in all services.
 - Have a direct influence on patriotic and ideological training.
- The cement that holds the structure together. Communist Party activities (in the armed forces) protect and hold together the complex structure of the Soviet military forces, and must be an important part of the daily military life of each service.
- Active participation. The Communist Party organizations in the armed forces must be active in influencing discipline, morale, and military readiness of all services. They must play an important part in all training exercises.
- Set the example. All Communist Party members in the armed services must set the standard and be good examples for their men to emulate.
- Influence the young sailor. In the North Fleet, the Komsomol organizations hold the key to motivating the young sailor, in order to obtain superior performance. The goal of the Komsomol organizations is to influence directly the patriotic education, discipline and training of the young Soviet sailor.
- Komsomol organizations played an important and significant role in the successful construction of the Baikal-Amur railroad.
- Improvements. It is important that Communist Party and Komsomol organizations initiate actions to eliminate formalism and bureaucracy in regard to the military patriotic indoctrination of the young soldier.
- In a review of performance, the Communist Party organizations, in the Moscow Military Region, emphasized that more detailed attention must be given to Party goals in regard to discipline, morale, and military

readiness. In addition, examples should be given to the preparations for the 40th Anniversary of the Great Victory.

- The Soviet Defense Ministry issued guidance that maximum emphasis should be given to the selection of Komsomol leaders and to the Komsomol's work with the young Soviet soldier.
- More guidance. The members of Komsomol organizations must be enthusiastic and realize that participation in the Komsomol process is essential to the maintenance of discipline, morale, and readiness of the military forces.

Letters to the Editor—Criticism, Complaints, and Support of the Party

A significant indicator that can be used to assess the mood of the Soviet military is the content of "Letters to the Editor" printed in Red Star. In recent years, the Party has regarded letters as an important safety valve, and a way of allowing public opinion a legitimate and quasi-independent outlet. Red Star sends reporters to investigate typical grievances. The letters actually printed represent those topics and problems that are significant and important to the Soviet military elite. By law, Red Star reporters can subpoena and inspect official records pertaining to allegations made in "Letters to the Editor." In addition, of course, Soviet officials stimulate and encourage the writing of "Letters to the Editor" on those topics and/or issues that are important to and support the government and party.

During the month, the editors of Red Star received 10,125 letters from its readers. The overall content of the letters to the editor focused on and/or included the following topics:

- Guidance for writing letters to the editor. Red Star criticized an officer who used a fictitious name on his complaint letter. Criticism to Red Star should be open and honest. In addition, a letter to the editor should only be written after open and honest criticism, in regard to the problem, with the collective.
- Red Star criticized an army major for abusing his privileges and being unfair to and harsh with his subordinates. In addition, he constructed a private garage using government materials and troop labor.
- More newspapers. The availability of Red Star (and other military newspapers) is increased at certain military bases as a result of a letter to the editor.
- Conservation. Red Star criticized all officers who have neglected to teach their men to conserve government fuel and supplies. Waste should be avoided by proper organization and the observation of a proper work agenda. All military personnel must be conscious of waste and seek to respect every government Kopeck.

- Poor organization and administration. A serious slow-down in production has been caused by poor leadership due to faulty organization and planning by the officers in charge of a construction brigade.
- A mother complains to Red Star that her sons were summoned to the military draft erroneously; as a result, they lost days of work and pay. Another administrative goof.
- A Komsomol organization is guilty of shuffling papers and political inactivity. Red Star criticized a Komsomol organization for not holding regular meetings and for neglecting its duties.
- Complaints must be fair. An officer was justly criticized by the candid and honest criticism of an army nurse. Subsequently, the officer falsely reprimands the nurse (unjustly). Red Star condemns such actions. Reprimands must be fair and not as a result of malice or spite.
- A waste of time. An officer complained to Red Star that he and his helicopter crew would often wait for hours for work crews needed to unload the helicopter. This negligence destroyed everyone's schedule.
- No promotion. An officer complained to Red Star that he was not promoted with his contemporaries. Red Star investigated and discovered that the officer procrastinated and did not deserve a promotion.
- A military hospital received needed repairs after an investigation as a result of a letter sent to the editor of Red Star.
- More red tape. Red Star assists a military family get their son into a kindergarten on a military base.

In August, 1984, over nine percent of Red Star's space allocated to Soviet military subjects was critical and/or highly negative in tone in regard to the performance of military personnel and/or units. Almost 16 percent of all space about the topic of discipline and morale, in the Soviet military, was critical in tone.

A sample of abstracts of articles from Red Star about military topics are summarized in the paragraphs below:

Training and Technology

- Success in military training depends on strong leadership and unity within each organization. All military commanders must work harder to develop harmony and unity within their organizations. All soldiers must be taught to work as a team. They must be disciplined, hard-working, and follow all training schedules.

- Armor commanders must understand the new technology of their tanks. Commanders must be outstanding leaders, work with their men and fully understand the new weapons.
- Military pilots must fully understand and master aircraft technology. Pilots as well as aircraft maintenance personnel must be careful in regard to pre-flight inspections and tests. Safety rules and maintenance regulations must be followed.
- Be creative. All officers must take advantage of the opportunities offered during summer training. They should:
 - Perfect field training techniques.
 - Be creative and use their initiative in all exercises.
 - Take advantage of the experience of experts and "ace performers".
 - Complete all necessary training goals.
- Check your weapon. Military training regulations require all soldiers to check their weapons before using them in tactical training. When this procedure is not followed, time is wasted in training - weapons may need repair and/or require maintenance on the range. This disrupts all training.
- The need for discipline. Success in tactical training begins with and depends on discipline. All commanders must instill discipline by teaching their men to follow and obey orders, rules, and respect the daily training schedule. All guards must be vigilant.
- Officers must be bold and take risks. Tactical commanders must be capable of making rapid decisions, especially in surprise situations. Passiveness and weakness in an officer means sure defeat in battle.
- It takes soldiers of special strength, skill, and dedication to perform well at radar units in the Pamirs Mountains. The men must be dedicated and hard working because their job is physically demanding and challenging at the high altitudes of the Pamirs Mountains.
- The price of permissiveness. A helicopter pilot (captain) permitted his co-pilot to fly his helicopter. He also permitted an unauthorized landing. As a result there was an accident. The pilot was relieved of his duties and grounded.
- Officers must work with their troops. Success in military training frequently depends on leadership and teamwork. The men must work together, but most important, they must work closely with and believe in their officers.

- Experience counts. The opinions and the combat experience of superior military personnel must be used and "put in constructive action" (during training). New methods and procedure (that work) should be introduced into training. Red tape and formalism must be discouraged.
- Guidance for military commanders. Military commanders should:
 - Take an active and aggressive part in fulfilling command duties and improving military readiness.
 - Use initiative and work closely with the troops.
 - Be demanding and work hard to overcome problems.
 - Rely on the expertise and advice of others.
 - Demonstrate communist principles.
- Several officers are punished for their formal and static approach to military exercises and training.

Troops Morale, Discipline and Political Awareness

- Red Star condemns a commander's behavior. A military post commander was (justly) punished for his inability to command and adjust to the conditions of the new post. He could not get along with experienced subordinate officers - he didn't listen to their suggestions and recommendations. He was "butting heads" with everyone. The inability of the commander was to adjust, due to his personal feelings, caused many problems and lowered morale - the men suffered.
- Military secrets. Commanders must teach their men to understand and respect regulations, rules, and laws. It is especially important that all men respect the regulations for protecting classified (secret) matters. Security leaks benefit the enemy - those guilty will be severely punished.
- Soviet officers must demonstrate honesty, diligence, loyalty, and conscientiousness. They must be politically knowledgeable and active. Communist ideals and principles should be included in officers' training.
- Political officers must have greater influence on military discipline, troop morale, military training, and political indoctrination. This requires constant attention, activity, and a viable organization.
- Political officers and Communist Party organizations (in the military) must always be active. The inertia cannot be lost.

- Political control and guidance is a necessity. Military officers who elect to undertake independent, self-guided ideological study must not get carried away. They also need classroom training. Control and guidance from political officers is a necessity.
- It is not the place or the job for officers' wives to determine when their husbands are due for a promotion. Officers' wives must support and help their husbands, but they must not interfere in their work or influence their commanders (in regard to a promotion).
- Several political officers are punished for neglecting proper organization and presentation of their ideological work.
- Political officers of all the armed forces must continue to be valuable assistants to military commanders. They must assist military commanders in all aspects of military training, discipline, morale, and political indoctrination.
- Learning from mistakes. Young and inexperienced officers must learn the value of hard work and team cooperation. They should be guided and helped by their superiors.
- Military construction workers must maintain a strict work discipline. They should be conscientious, hard working, and honest. They should obey orders, keep on the work schedule, and conserve and be honest with respect to supplies and equipment.
- Military engineers must improve work standards, discipline, productivity, and efficiency. Marshall Shestopalov emphasizes that many improvements are being made, but more are needed. (Shestopalov is Marshall of engineer troops.)
- Military trade unions must focus on new goals and improving productivity and work discipline. This applies to all of the military services.
- Red Star criticizes two men who falsely claimed to be World War II heroes.
- The countries of the West have demeaned the role of the U.S.S.R. in winning World War II. Political officers must correct the lies of Western historians with regard to the opening of the second front (in Europe).

APPENDIX A

A Selection of Propaganda Cartoons

Political cartoons are used in Red Star to underscore priority propaganda themes and topics. In most propaganda campaigns the cartoon is an important communication technique, because it attracts attention and generally is popular with the audience.

During August 1984, the editors of Red Star published the following nine cartoons about United States militarism, imperialism, hegemony and the arms race.



Политический кар.

Рис. Е. ЕБАРОВА.

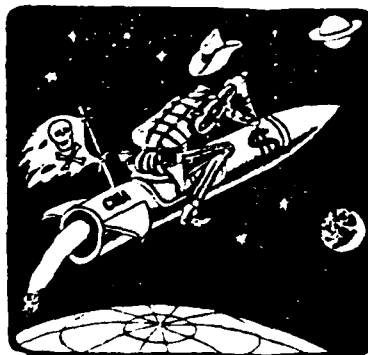
A risky step.

КРАСНАЯ ЗВЕЗДА. . . . :

КОСМОС НА БЛАГО ЧЕЛОВЕЧЕСТВА

В ПЕРВЫЙ же год эры космоса, после запуска искусственного спутника Земли, который вошел в летопись космических свершений человечества под номером «1», Советский Союз поставил вопрос о запрещении всех без исключения видов военного использования космического пространства. Став признанным пионером мирного освоения космоса, наша страна последовательно и настойчиво борется против его милитаризации, за превращение околоземного пространства в арену мирного сотрудничества.

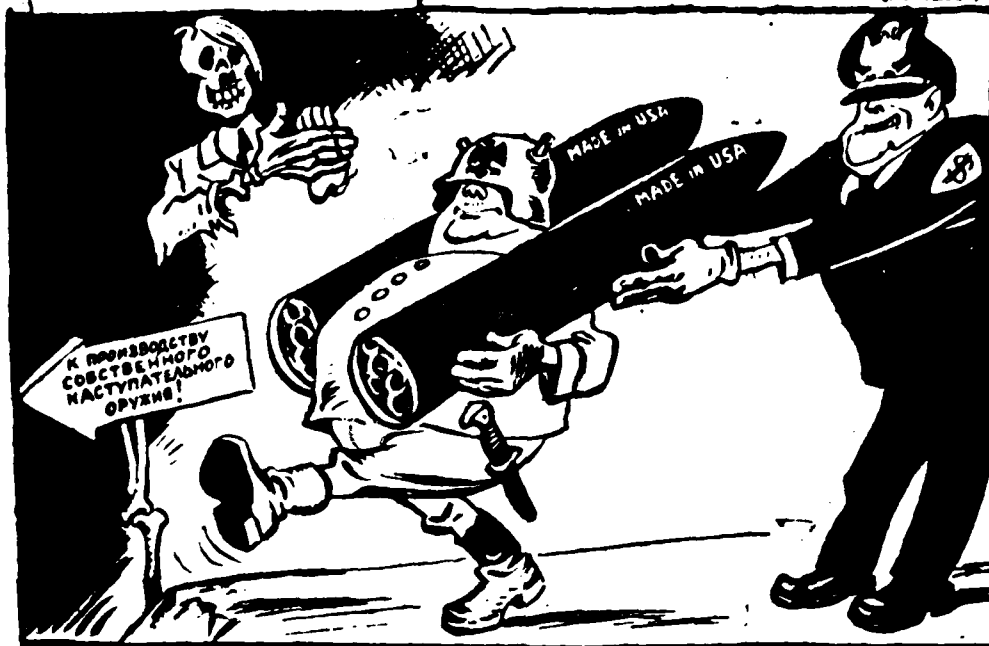
ческими установками, уникальными приборами, другим научным оборудованием, — вносят неоценимый вклад в космическую науку и технику. Достаточно назвать завершившийся полет «Союза Т-12», работу в открытом космосе С. Савицкой и В. Джанибекова, выполненные ими уникальные технологические эксперименты, чтобы представить всю масштабность этой программы.



The U.S. builds up in space.

Недавно Западноевропейский союз отменил ограничения на производство в ФРГ наступательных видов вооружений — ракет дальнего действия и тяжелых бомбардировщиков.

(Из газеты).

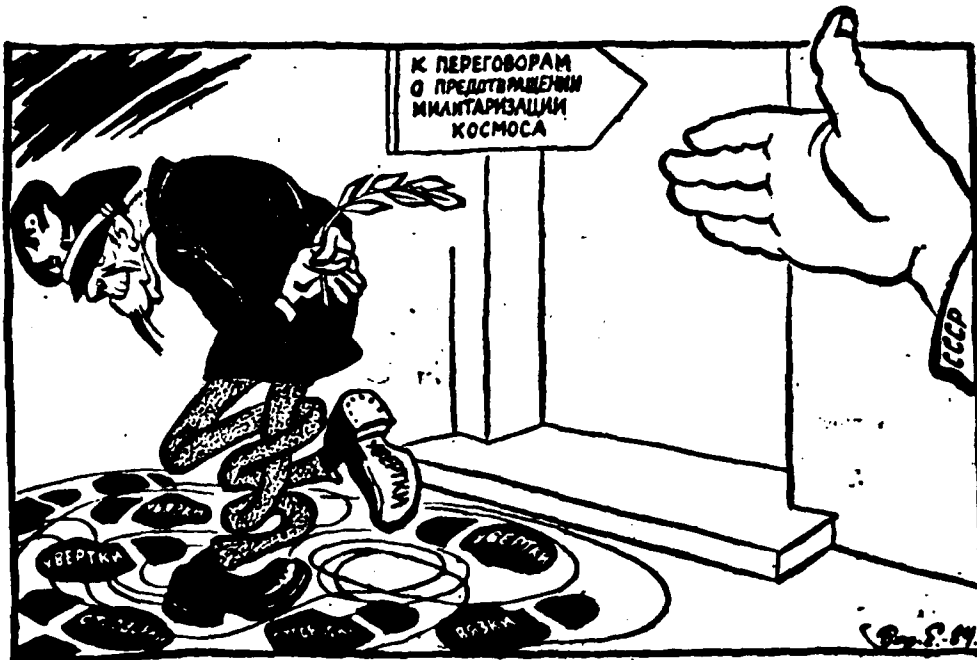


Беззащитная мать
Вновь мечтает НАСТУПАТЬ.

Это время, господа,
Не НАСТУПИТ никогда!

Рисунок Бор. ЕФИМОВА.
Стихи Ник. ЭНТЕЛИСА.

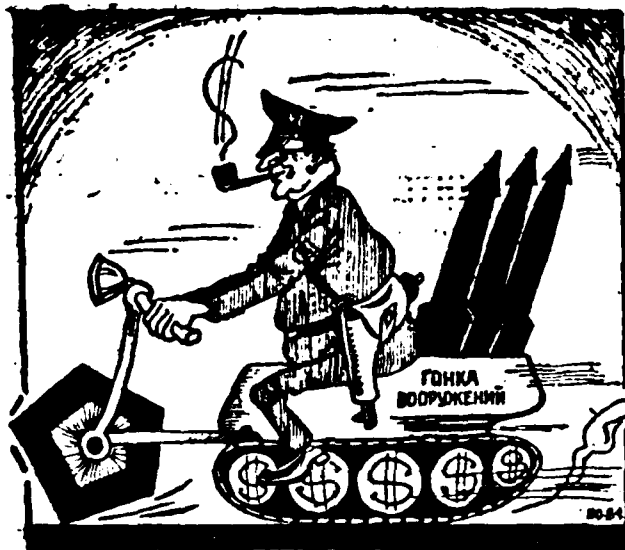
Recently, the Council of Europe ended limitations on production by West Germany of Offensive types of arms - ICBMs and heavy bombers.



Заморский министр — по уверениям мастера
Стратег, юля, выводит крадвва.

Но чтобы он сумел Земле наладить
... для мирной космоса — требует Земля.
Рисунки Бор. ФОНИНА.
Стихи Евг. ЗИТЕЛЕСА.

The U.S. resorts to song and dance regarding talks about prevention of arms build-up in space.

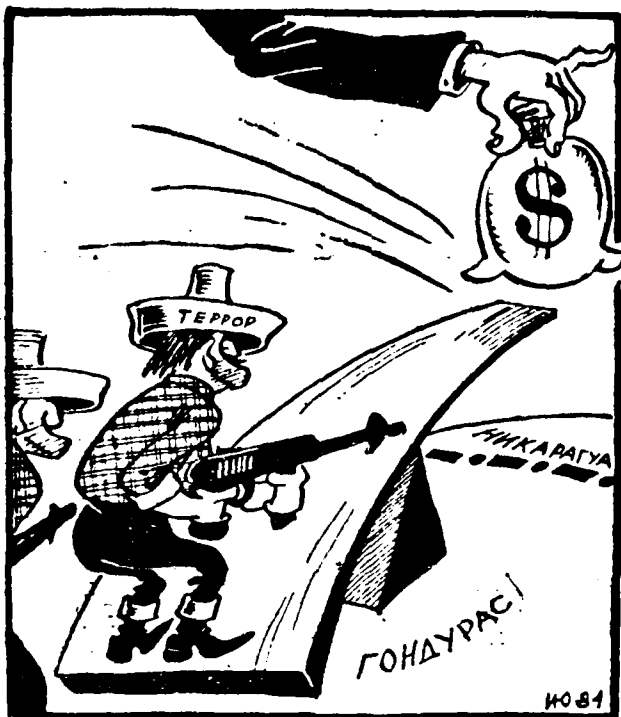


ПентаГОИЦИК

Рис. Ю. ИВАНОВА.

The Pentagon arms racer.

США используют Гондурас в качестве трамплина для не
объявленной войны против Никарагуа. (Из газет).



Несложный механизм ЦРУ...

Рис. Ю. ИВАНОВА.

The U.S. is using Honduras as a springboard
for its undeclared war against Nicaragua.
(CIA's uncomplicated mechanism).



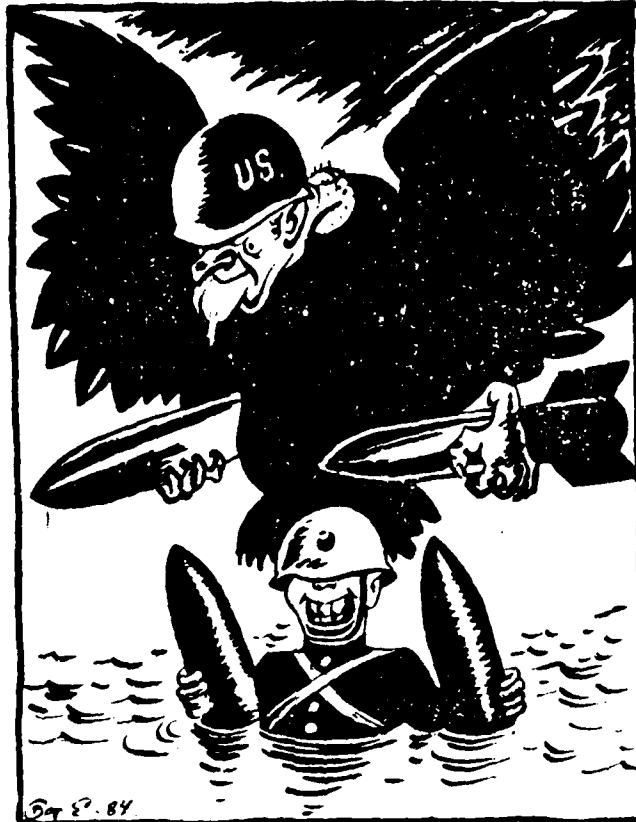
The U.S. is preparing for Star Wars.



Расцвет по-американски.

Рис. В. СМОТРОВА.

The U.S. Golden Age (unemployment, military build-up).



У реваншиста-самурая
Мечта опасная и злая.
Он дружит с «стребелем» настоящим...
Но заглохнул в непарном!

Рисунок Бор. ЕФимова. Стихи Ник. ЭНТЕЛЕСА.

The Revanchist-Samurai has evil and dangerous dreams. He is friends with the Hawk. He has inadvertently taken on more than he can handle.

END

FILMED

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